

LOGS AND LNS PRACTICE

Convert to exponential form:

- $\log_2 32 = 5$
- $\log 7 = 0.845$
- $\log_6 6 = 1$
- $\log_3 81 = 4$
- $\log_5 125 = 3$
- $\log_a x = y$
- $\log_r M = -x$
- $\log_e 20.1 = 3$
- $\ln e = 1$
- $\ln 54.6 = 4$
- $\ln 2 = 0.69$
- $\ln x = y$

Convert to logarithmic form:

- $10^2 = 100$
- $2^4 = 16$
- $3^2 = 9$
- $a^x = b$
- $b^{x+y} = a$
- $3^{-2} = \frac{1}{9}$
- $e^{-4} = 0.018$
- $e^7 = t$
- $x^6 = 4$
- $6^x = 36$
- $y^7 = a+b$
- $4^{-6} = \frac{1}{4069}$

Solve for x:

- $\log_2 x = 3$
- $\log_2 x = 16$
- $\log_x 4 = 1$
- $\log_x 125 = 3$
- $\log_7 49 = x$
- $\log_x 64 = 2$
- $\log_{12} 8x = 2$
- $\log_3 9x = 4$
- $\log x^2 = 4$
- $\log 50x = 4$

Express as a product:

- $\log_x B^a$
- $\log_x y^5$
- $\log_5 6^7$
- $\log_2 4^x$
- $\ln e^4$

Express as a logarithm with an exponent:

- $x \log_a B$
- $4 \log_5 x$
- $2 \log_7 3$
- $2 \ln e$

Express as 2 logarithms:

- $\log_a (B \cdot C)$
- $\log_2 (3 \cdot 4x)$
- $\log_5 (7x \cdot 2)$
- $\log_3 (81 \cdot 27)$
- $\log_a (y \cdot x^2)$
- $\log_a \frac{B}{C}$
- $\log_4 \frac{9}{7}$
- $\log_x \frac{31}{221}$
- $\log_7 \frac{19}{94}$
- $\ln \frac{4x}{3}$

Simplify into a single logarithm:

- $\log_a B + \log_a C$
- $\log_a B - \log_a C$
- $\log_6 12 + \log_6 10$
- $\log_2 19 - \log_2 3$
- $\log_{12} 1 + \log_{12} 8$
- $\log_7 5 - \log_7 17$
- $\ln 3 - \ln 7$
- $\ln 2.3 + \ln 5.9$
- $3 \log_x 2 - 2 \log_x 4$
- $\frac{2}{3} \log_x 4 + \frac{1}{4} \log_x 9 - \frac{1}{2} \log_x 6$
- $\log_x 2^y - \log_x 9^y$
- $\log_x (y - 2) - \log_x (y^2 - 4)$
- $2 \log_x (x - 3) - \log_x (x^2 + 4x + 3)$
- $\log_a (2x) + 5(\log_a x - \log_a y)$