

FRACTIONS PRACTICE SOLUTIONS

$$1) \frac{4}{7} + \frac{3}{7} = \frac{4+3}{7} = \frac{7}{7} = 1$$

$$2) \frac{3}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3+1}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$3) \frac{2}{5} + \frac{7}{10} = \frac{4}{10} + \frac{7}{10} = \frac{11}{10} = 1\frac{1}{10}$$

$$4) \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{6}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$5) \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1 \times 3}{2 \times 3} = \frac{9}{6} = 1\frac{3}{6} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$6) \frac{3}{7} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3 \times 4}{7 \times 4} + \frac{1 \times 7}{4 \times 7} = \frac{12}{28} + \frac{7}{28} = \frac{19}{28}$$

$$7) \frac{4}{5} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{4 \times 6}{5 \times 6} + \frac{1 \times 5}{6 \times 5} = \frac{24}{30} + \frac{5}{30} = \frac{29}{30}$$

$$8) \frac{5}{9} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{5 \times 2}{9 \times 2} + \frac{2 \times 3}{6 \times 3} = \frac{10}{18} + \frac{6}{18} = \frac{16}{18} = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$9) \frac{7}{9} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7 \times 2}{9 \times 2} + \frac{1 \times 9}{2 \times 9} = \frac{14}{18} + \frac{9}{18} = \frac{23}{18} = 1\frac{5}{18}$$

$$10) 1\frac{4}{5} + 2\frac{5}{6} = 1\frac{4 \times 6}{5 \times 6} + 2\frac{5 \times 5}{6 \times 5} = 1\frac{24}{30} + 2\frac{25}{30} = 3\frac{49}{30} = 4\frac{19}{30}$$

$$11) 3\frac{7}{8} + 4\frac{4}{5} = 3\frac{7 \times 5}{8 \times 5} + 4\frac{4 \times 8}{5 \times 8} = 3\frac{35}{40} + 4\frac{32}{40} = 7\frac{67}{40} = 8\frac{27}{40}$$

$$12) 2\frac{3}{5} + 3\frac{1}{8} = 2\frac{3 \times 8}{5 \times 8} + 3\frac{1 \times 5}{8 \times 5} = 2\frac{24}{40} + 3\frac{5}{40} = 5\frac{29}{40}$$

$$13) \frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{3-1}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$14) \frac{9}{10} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{9 \times 3}{10 \times 3} + \frac{2 \times 10}{3 \times 10} = \frac{27}{30} + \frac{20}{30} = \frac{47}{30} = 1\frac{17}{30}$$

$$15) 1\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{8} = 1\frac{3 \times 8}{5 \times 8} - \frac{1 \times 5}{8 \times 5} = 1\frac{24}{40} - \frac{5}{40} = 1\frac{19}{40}$$

$$16) 2\frac{1}{5} + 1\frac{2}{9} = 2\frac{1 \times 9}{5 \times 9} + 1\frac{2 \times 5}{9 \times 5} = 2\frac{9}{45} + 1\frac{10}{45} = 3\frac{19}{45}$$

$$17) \frac{4}{5} + 3\frac{3}{8} = \frac{4 \times 8}{5 \times 8} + 3\frac{3 \times 5}{8 \times 5} = \frac{32}{40} + 3\frac{15}{40} = 3\frac{47}{40} = 4\frac{7}{40}$$

$$18) 4\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{1}{16} = 4\frac{1 \times 8}{2 \times 8} - 2\frac{1}{16} = 4\frac{8}{16} - 2\frac{1}{16} = 2\frac{7}{16}$$

$$19) 6\frac{3}{4} - 1\frac{3}{8} = 6\frac{3 \times 2}{4 \times 2} - 1\frac{3}{8} = 6\frac{6}{8} - 1\frac{3}{8} = 6 - 1\frac{6-3}{8} = 5\frac{3}{8}$$

$$20) 1\frac{3}{16} + \frac{1}{64} = 1\frac{3 \times 4}{16 \times 4} = \frac{1}{64} = 1\frac{12}{64} + \frac{1}{64} = 1\frac{13}{64}$$

$$21) 2\frac{3}{32} - 1\frac{5}{8} = 2\frac{3}{32} - 1\frac{5 \times 4}{8 \times 4} = 2\frac{3}{32} - 1\frac{20}{32} = 1\frac{35}{32} - 1\frac{20}{32} = \frac{15}{32}$$

$$22) 6\frac{17}{64} - 2\frac{3}{16} = 6\frac{17}{64} - 2\frac{3 \times 4}{16 \times 4} = 6\frac{17}{64} - 2\frac{12}{64} = 4\frac{5}{64}$$

$$23) 2\frac{3}{32} + 3\frac{1}{64} = 2\frac{3 \times 2}{32 \times 2} + 3\frac{1}{64} = 2\frac{6}{64} + 3\frac{1}{64} = 5\frac{7}{64}$$

$$25) 3\frac{3}{8} - 2\frac{7}{16} = 3\frac{3 \times 2}{8 \times 2} - 2\frac{7}{16} = 3\frac{6}{16} - 2\frac{7}{16} = 2\frac{22}{16} - 2\frac{7}{16} = \frac{15}{16}$$

*Remember you can convert from a mixed to an improper fraction any time. Multiply the denominator by the whole number, and add it to the numerator. Keep the denominator the same.

$$\frac{\text{denominator} \times \text{whole} + \text{numerator}}{\text{denominator}}$$

Example: $7\frac{3}{8} = \frac{8 \times 7 + 3}{8} = \frac{59}{8}$